E-filed 2/7/07

1 ERWIN E. ADLER (Bar No. 40638) eadler@adlerlawgroup.com 2 ELIZABETH A. SULLIVAN (Bar No. 212482) esulllivan@adlerlawgroup.com ADLER LAW GROUP 3 350 So. Figueroa St., Suite 557 Los Angeles, California 90071 Telephone: (213) 893-3900 Facsimile: (213) 893-3910 4 5 Attorneys for Cross-Defendant SIGNS HAWAII 6 7 8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 10 11 MICHAEL ARBSLAND, Case No. C06-04191 JF 12 Plaintiff. STIPULATION TO CONTINUE DATE ON WHICH SIGNS HAWAII MAY 350 So. Figueroa St., Suite 557 Los Angeles, California 90071 13 v. FILE RESPONSIVE PLEADING TO CROSS-COMPLAINT OF 14 SOUTHWEST SIGNS, THE HOME SOUTHWEST SIGNS, LLC; DEPOT, INC.; AND DOES 1-100, [PROPOSED] ORDER THEREON 15 Defendants. [Local Rule 6-1] 16 [Concurrently filed with Declaration of 17 Elizabeth A. Sullivanl SOUTHWEST SIGNS, LLC, 18 Cross-Complainant, 19 20 THE HOME DEPOT, SIGNS HAWAII, SIGN ART, L. MORIGUCHI, INC., 21 AND DOES 1 through 50, inclusive, 22 Cross-Defendants. 23 24 /// 25 /// 26 \parallel / / / 27 $\parallel / / /$ 28 ///

STIPULATION TO EXTEND TIME TO RESPOND TO CROSS-COMPLAINT; [PROPOSED] ORDER

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Pursuant to Local Rule 6-1, IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED by and between defendant and cross-plaintiff Southwest Signs, LLC ("Southwest") and cross-defendant Signs Hawaii that Signs Hawaii shall have until April 26, 2007 to file any responsive pleading to the cross-complaint filed by Southwest Signs. Good cause exists for this continuance as follows:

- 1. Signs Hawaii plans to file a motion to dismiss the cross-complaint on the grounds the two-year statute of limitations for personal injury has run for Mr. Arbsland in addition to filing a motion to transfer venue because the accident occurred in Hawaii.
 - 2. Mr. Arbsland, in his complaint, alleges as follows:
 - "[He] rendered mentally incompetent and incapacitated by reason of a traumatic brain injury. He remained in this state of mental incompetence and incapacity due to injuries he suffered as a result of the wrongful acts of the defendants and the medications he was required to take as a result of his injuries. Consequently, the period of this mental incompetence and incapacity is not part of the time limited for the commencement of this action. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that the recovery from mental incompetence and incapacity did not occur for a period of at least ten months and arose at such a time that the filing of this action is timely and within the relevant state [sic] of limitations."
- 3. The foregoing contention (in addition to his claims of physical injury) casts into the scope of this controversy plaintiff's medical records and related material prepared by the workers' compensation division of the Hawaii Department of Labor and Industrial Relations ("Department of Labor"). Despite Arbsland's allegation of incapacity, it would appear he had sufficient mental capacity and competency to pursue a workers' compensation proceeding. Thus, Mr. Arbsland, by filing the workers' compensation action, has cast into controversy (besides his physical injuries) his ability to comprehend the fact he was injured and that he needed to file a legal action to protect his rights.

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- 4. Based upon the foregoing circumstances, Signs Hawaii believed it was necessary to obtain information by serving subpoenas for records in the possession of the Department of Labor and HEMIC, Arbsland's workers' compensation carrier. These subpoenas were served with sufficient time for all interested parties to react, the Department and HEMIC to produce the documents, Signs Hawaii to analyze the responses, and finally, for Signs Hawaii to file a motion to dismiss and a motion for change of venue.
- 5. Notwithstanding the good faith of Signs Hawaii and various attempts to contact plaintiff's counsel, Signs Hawaii was unable to obtain Mr. Arbsland's consent to produce the foregoing records.
- 6. Simultaneously, the Department of Labor and HEMIC have required a Mr. Arbsland to sign an authorization out of concern that their production of the records without such a consent would violate the pronouncements of a recent decision of the Supreme Court of Hawaii, captioned Brende v. Hara, 2006 Haw. LEXIS 616 (November 2006).
- 7. Respectful of the concern demonstrated by HEMIC and the Department of Labor of each of their intent to follow Brende, counsel for Signs Hawaii has worked diligently to fashion a protective order in accordance with the ruling of Brende in order to obtain the agreement of HEMIC and the Department of Labor to produce documents pursuant to a protective order. Further, counsel has worked to obtain the consent of both of those entities to have this District issue the requisite order and to agree to abide with such an order.
- 8. On January 31, i.e., 2 days before the responsive pleading was due (before obtaining this stipulation), the Department of Labor agreed to produce its documents subject to a protective order from this court.
- On February 2, i.e., the day the responsive pleading was due (before 9. obtaining the stipulation), HEMIC similarly agreed to produce its documetns subject to a protective order from this court. In sum, Signs Hawaii diligently attempted to respond

to Southwest Signs' cross-complaint (and plaintiff Arbsland's complaint) but has been unable to do so.

which Signs Hawaii can respond. That is so because the hearing on Signs Hawaii's motion to compel HEMIC and the Hawaii Department of Labor to respond to the subpoenas is scheduled for March 27, 2007 – the first possible date Signs Hawaii was able to obtain (unless this court expedites the hearing date based upon the anticipated lack of opposition). Following the hearing, Signs Hawaii anticipates the court will order HEMIC and the Department of Labor to respond to the subpoenas in no less than 15 days. Thereafter, Signs Hawaii will analyze the documents (which it understands will involved six to seven file boxes from HEMIC alone) and prepare both the motion to dismiss and motion to transfer venue the parties need time to respond to the subpoena and produce their voluminous records. It needs no less than 15 days to prepare the motions. Accordingly Signs Hawaii has allowed 30 days from the date of the hearing for both HEMIC and the Department of Labor to respond to its subpoena, and it to analyze these documents and use it as the basis of its motions.

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Signs Hawaii concurrently files with this stipulation and proposed order 11. another stipulation and proposed order to extend the March 2, 2007 case management conference until after the date on which Signs Hawaii will respond to the complaint, ie., April 27, 2007. It therefore believes this stipulation will not affect a deadline will not "affect the date of an event or deadline already fixed by Court order" and thus a declaration pursuant to Local Rule 6-2 is unnecessary. In an abundance of caution, however, the attached declaration of Elizabeth A. Sullivan is concurrently filed which meets the requirements of Local Rule 6-2.

IT IS SO STIPULATED.

DATED: FEBRUARY

ABETH A. SULLIVAN

lizabeth 71. Surivan for Cross-Defendant, Signs Hawaii

CESARI. WERNER & MORIARTY DENNIS F. MORIARTY ANDREW S. WERNER JOSE A. MONTALVO

By:

Attorneys for Defendant and Cross-Complainant, Southwest Signs, LLC

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED:

Hon. D. Jeremy Fogel Judge of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California

STIPULATION TO EXTEND TIME TO RESPOND TO CROSS-COMPLAINT; [PROPOSED] ORDER

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IT IS SO STIPULATED.

DATED: Jehrang	2	200	ne ne ne
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ADLER LAW GROUP ERWIN E. ADLER ELIZABETH A. SULLIVAN

By: _ 5	La	H	44		
Attorneys	E iz	abeth	A. Sun	ivan	Signs
Hawaii	fer	Cross	Defend	dant,	

DATED:		
DATED:		

CESARI, WERNER & MORIARTY DENNIS F. MORIARTY ANDREW S. WERNER JOSE A. MONTALVO

Ву:
Andrew S. Werner
Attorneys for Defendant and Cross-
Complainant, Southwest Signs, LLC

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: __ 2/7/07

Hon. D. Jeremy Fogel Judge of the United States District Court for the Northern District of California

DECLARATION OF ELIZABETH A. SULLIVAN

I, Elizabeth A. Sullivan, hereby declare:

1. I am an attorney licensed to practice in the State of California and am an attorney with the Adler Law Group, attorneys of record for plaintiff Signs Hawaii. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated herein and, if called as a witness, could and would competently testify thereto.

The Interests of Justice Favor Granting Signs Hawaii Access to Mr. Arbsland's Voluminous Workers' Compensation Claim Files to Test the Veracity of His Claim Mental Incompetence Excuses His Failure to File Within the Limitation Period

2. On July 6, 2006, Plaintiff Michael Arbsland sued Southwest Signs and Home Depot for personal injuries resulting from his fall *over two years prior*, i.e., on October 10, 2003, from a ladder while installing a sign at Home Depot in Li Hue, Hawaii. (Southwest Signs, in turn, has cross-complained against Signs Hawaii.) Shortly after the accident, Arbsland filed a claim for workers' compensation benefits which involved the creation of records by the Hawaiian agency charged with compensating injured workers – the Hawaii Department of Labor and Industrial Relations ("Department of Labor"). Hawaii Employers Mutual Insurance Company ("HEMIC") is his employers' workers' compensation carrier and thus also has records. These records are necessary for Signs Hawaii to determine whether Arbsland did, indeed, fail to comprehend he was injured that entire time and thus was not aware he needed to vindicate his legal rights within the appropriate time limitation imposed by law or, whether he, alternatively presents this court with a baseless tolling argument to justify his failure to institute the action in a timely manner and, simultaneously, to attempts to congest this court's docket by reviving a long-dead claim.

Signs Hawaii Has Requested – and Received for Good Cause – Two Previous Extensions of Time from Southwest Signs

3. Signs Hawaii has requested – and received – from Southwest Signs (through its counsel Andrew Werner) – two previous extensions of time, both of which, as explained in further detail below, were not only warranted but also necessary. With

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respect to the first extension of time, Signs Hawaii notified my colleague, Erwin E. Adler, and I, of our offices, of the cross-complaint on December 13, 2006, only one week prior to the deadline to file a responsive pleading. From the inception of this case, we planned to file a motion to dismiss the cross-complaint on the grounds Mr. Arbland's claim was barred by the statute of limitations. We also planned to file, alternatively, a motion to transfer venue under 28 U.S.C. § 1404(a) given the accident occurred in Hawaii and likely the documents, witnesses, and evidence would all be located in Hawaii. We had not yet, however, received the client's file; nor did we have the identity of witnesses from whom to obtain documents and declarations. Southwest Signs therefore stipulated – and this court ordered based on this stipulation – that Signs Hawaii would have from December 20, 2006 until January 19, 2007 to file any responsive pleading to the cross-complaint.

- As set in further detail below, on January 5, 2007, it became apparent given 4. the lack of cooperation from those from whom we sought records that Signs Hawaii needed another extension of time to respond to the complaint. At first, Mr. Werner refused to provide the extension of time, but ultimately agreed to extend the time for Signs Hawaii to respond to Southwest Sign's cross-compliant, from January 19, 2007 to February 7, 2007. As set forth below, Signs Hawaii needs a further extension of time due to the nonresponsiveness of subpoenaed parties and their reluctance to produce records absent a court order subject to a protective order.
- 5. Ample good cause exists for this motion. As stated in further detail below, I have made no less than 30 attempts to obtain the records from plaintiff's counsel, plaintiff's workers' compensation carrier, and the Hawaii Department of Labor. After the parties refused to respond to subpoenas for the records, our offices attempted to seek the records subject to a protective order. Notwithstanding my diligence and acting in good faith, the passage of time without any response from either party necessitates an extension of time to receive and analyze the records which will form the basis of Signs Hawaii's motion to dismiss or, in the alternative, motion to transfer venue.

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Nearly Eight Weeks of Attempts to Obtain Records From HEMIC – Even Pursuant to a Subpoena – Have Not Produced the Necessary Records

Shortly after receiving word from the client of the cross-complaint against it, i.e., in mid December 2006, I learned Hawaiian Employers Mutual Insurance Company ("HEMIC") was the workers' compensation carrier for plaintiff Arbsland. I word left with Ms. Sandra Hoyle, the adjustor for Mr. Arbsland's claim, on December 17. She did not return my telephone call. I finally reached Ms. Hoyle on December 27, 2005. (I later learned HEMIC had difficulty with its telephone system at that time, and this explains why I was unable to reach her within that 10day period.) She agreed to send us Mr. Arbsland's public file provided I send a written request to her attention. I did so on that same day. Having not received word from Ms. Hoyle on January 3, 2007, I attempted to contact her. I kept calling HEMIC's main number, but the receptionist could not hear me and hung up. This happened three to four times. Finally, I was able to speak with the receptionist, who informed me their telephone lines were not working and that they had experienced similar problems earlier in the month. The receptionist instructed me to contact Ms. Hoyle the next day since I could not leave a voicemail for her. Concerned with the difficulty I had reaching Ms. Hoyle by telephone, I was concerned perhaps she did not receive the written authorization I sent via facsimile on December 27. On that same day, i.e., January 3, 2007, I thus re-sent my letter dated December 27 which contained my written request for Mr. Absland's public file. On January 5, 2007, I left Ms. Hoyle a message inquiring into the status of the records. Without a response, it became plain I would need to request an extension of time from Mr. Werner and did so. I also served a subpoena to HEMIC on January 8 given Ms. Hoyle was unresponsive to the written request as promised. True and correct copies of the subpoenas served on HEMIC and the Department of Labor are attached as Exhibit A.

7. On January 9, I again attempted to contact Ms. Hoyle and was informed she was "off the island," i.e., out of the office. I spoke with another adjustor, David

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Suganuma, who checked HEMIC's files and verified HEMIC had, indeed, received the subpoena. He informed me Ms. Hoyle would contact me given she was the adjustor on the file. She did not do so. On January 9, 2007, I received a letter from Ms. Hoyle stating HEMIC would not produce the records absent an authorization from Mr. Arbsland – completely contrary to the representations she made to me by telephone and on which I relied. A true and correct copy of this letter is attached as Exhibit B.

- 8. Throughout January, I made numerous attempts to contact both Ms. Hoyle as well as Ms. Stacy Miller, Ms. Hoyle's supervisor. I also requested to speak with in-house counsel. My calls to various HEMIC personnel went unanswered. Finally, on January 24, 2007, I reached Colton Chun, in-house counsel for HEMIC. He explained to me the reluctance of HEMIC to produce the documents notwithstanding the mandatory requirements of Rule 45 stemmed from the recent decision of the Supreme Court of Hawaii, in Brende v. Hara, 2006 Haw. LEXIS 616 (2006). Based on his reading of *Brende*, he believed the documents should not be produced without authorization from Mr. Arbsland. I indicated that although I believed the federal subpoena would require production of these records, Signs had no objection to having an order to compel entered which would include a provision containing the language from Brende — stating Signs Hawaii would not disseminate the information or otherwise use it beyond the purposes of this litigation – without an authorization from Mr. Arbsland. I was happy to do that in order to allay HEMIC's concerns. We ended our telephone call with a mutual desire to work on the protective order and subsequently produce the documents subject to a protective order.
- I attempted various times to contact in-house counsel for HEMIC, who I learned is Stacey Miller, to no avail. Finally, on the afternoon of February 2, 2007, Patricia Eads, senior staff attorney for HEMIC, telephoned me to state Ms. Miller was on vacation until February 12 and that she was handling the matter in Ms. Miller's absence. Ms. Eads reiterated HEMIC's concern with the holding of *Brende*. She,

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however, indicated HEMIC would comply with an order issued by any court. including the federal District Court for the Northern District of California. I sent her a letter- which she signed - confirming our agreement dated February 2, 2007, a true and correct copy of which is attached as Exhibit C.

I Made Numerous Telephone Calls to Mr. Absland's Counsel to Seek to Obtain His Authorization to Release His Medical Records. Counsel Failed to Return My Half-Dozen Calls, and I was Thus Unable to Seek - Much Less Obtain - Mr. Absland's Consent.

- 10. To attempt to obtain Mr. Arbsland's consent as HEMIC initially required. I attempted to reach his counsel, i.e., Mr. Michael M. Shea, Jr. I telephoned him no less than ten times, i.e., January 9, January 10, and January 11, 2007. On each occasion, I was unable to speak to Mr. Shea. Each time, I was either told by his secretary that "Junior" was unavailable and was either sent directly into voicemail, or the secretary personally wrote a message for Mr. Shea. Although I impressed upon Mr Shea both by voicemail and directly to his secretary the importance of the matter we needed to discuss with respect to the Arbsland matter, he never once attempted to return my numerous telephone calls. As a result, I was unable to obtain Mr. Arbsland's voluntary consent to production of his files notwithstanding repeated efforts to do so.
- 11. I have also attempted to contact Mr. Shea various times to obtain his signature on the stipulation to continue the case management conference – also to no avail. For example, as late as possible, i.e., on February 2, 2007, the business day prior to filing the stipulation to extend the case management conference, I tried two times to contact Mr. Shea and left voicemails for him setting forth the urgency with which I needed to speak with him to discuss the proceedings in this case and obtain his cooperation on the stipulation. Mr. Shea never returned these telephone calls. either. I thus am unable to obtain his signature on the stipulation to extend the CMC notwithstanding my diligence to do so.

Nearly Eight Weeks of Attempts to Obtain Records From Hawaii Department of Labor – Even Pursuant to a Subpoena – Have Not Produced the Necessary Records

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- 12. Simultaneously, I attempted to obtain the workers' compensation records from the Hawaii Department of Labor and Industrial Relations ("Department of Labor"). We served the Department of Labor with a subpoena the same day we served HEMIC, i.e., on January 8, 2007. On January 9, I received word from Mr. Nate Murakami of the Department of Labor it was denying our subpoena because, according to him, we either needed the "permission" of Mr. Absland or a "judge-issued" subpoena. I subsequently returned his call and requested to speak with his supervisor. I then spoke with Royden Koito, Mr. Murakami's supervisor, and discussed with him the validity of an attorney-issued subpoena and thus, the validity of the subpoena served on him. He expressed a desire to contact general counsel and stated he would return my telephone call.
- Mr. Koito telephoned me late in the afternoon that same day, i.e., January 9, 2007. He stated he had consulted with the Deputy Attorney General assigned to the Labor Department, Ms. Lum, concerning the subpoena. My notes of this conversation indicate the following verbatim message from Mr. Koito: They "conced[ed] that the subpoena appear[ed] valid and consistent with the federal rules." They, however, "would prefer a consent from Mr. Arbsland due to relatively new and evolving privacy laws." I discussed with Mr. Koito why I was forced to contact the Department of Labor: Mr. Arbsland's consent was not likely to be obtained given we are adversaries to Mr. Arbsland (and that his consent may cast doubt upon his claims of mental incapacity and thus his excuse for failing to file a timely claim), but that I had been consistently trying to contact Mr. Arbsland's attorney to no avail to obtain his consent. Mr. Koito then indicated that the State would likely be filing a motion for protective order - which usually results in an order permitting records - to provide the protection the State sought. I then requested Mr. Koito to have the Attorney General, Ms. Lum, contact me in order to hopefully reach agreement which would satisfy the State's concerns to protect Mr. Arbsland's privacy and simultaneously

obtain for us the subpoenaed records.

14. I (along with colleague Erwin Adler) was finally able to speak with Francis Lum, Esq., the Deputy Attorney General assigned to that Department. I learned similar to HEMIC, the Department was concerned with producing the documents despite the mandatory requirements of Rule 45 on the basis that the Hawaiian Supreme Court had indicated in a recent decision, i.e., *Brende v. Hara*, 2006 Haw. LEXIS 616 (2006) had held that such documents should not be produced without a protective order precluding further dissemination of the documents. We indicated that although we believed the federal subpoena would require production of these records, Signs Hawaii had no objection to having an order to compel entered which would include such a provision. In sum, Ms. Lum indicated the Department would comply with an order issued by any court, including the federal District Court for the Northern District of California. She forwarded to Mr. Adler a letter confirming her agreement dated January 29, 2007, a true and correct copy of which is attached as Exhibit D.

The Records Are Voluminous; Signs Hawaii Needs Adequate Time to Analyze Them Before Filing the Motions to Dismiss and to Transfer Venue

15. On January 9, 2007, Mr. Muragami of the Department of Labor specifically telephoned me to indicate he had located the records and "warned" me of the voluminous nature of these documents. He stated the records comprised of no less than six to seven file boxes. He anticipates it will take no less than three eighthour days to copy these documents given they each need to be photocopied individually and cannot be copied by way of a feeder. I anticipate, notwithstanding the cooperative nature of Mr. Muragami and his willingness to respond to the subpoena once he is satisfied the Department's concerns are allayed, it will take quite some time for the Department of Labor to find the time to photocopy the records and then send them to us. HEMIC has not indicated to us the nature of their files, but I anticipate their files will be similar to those of the Department of Labor – quite large

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and time-intensive for HEMIC to copy them – and ultimately for us to analyze these files.

- As this court can plainly determine from my declaration, I have had great 16. difficulty obtaining these records notwithstanding devoting considerable time consistently to this endeavor throughout these past eight weeks. I therefore request this court to order HEMIC and the Hawaii Department of Labor to promptly reply to the subpoenas. I further request Signs Hawaii be given adequate time to analyze these voluminous documents such that it can file a meaningful motion to dismiss with this court in order to rid this congested docket of a stale claim.
- In that regard, I request the time by which Signs Hawaii be ordered to respond to the cross-complaint be calculated based on the latter of the dates on which Signs Hawaii or HEMIC respond. I request Signs Hawaii receive 30 days from receipt of the latter response to analyze a conservative estimate of no less than 10 file boxes of medical records, conduct legal research regarding both a motion to dismiss and a motion to transfer venue, obtain declarations from the afore-mentioned individuals who are plainly difficult to contact, and, finally, provide this court with cogent legal arguments contained in both motions.

A Substantial Injustice Would Result Were Signs Hawaii Be Unable to Obtain An Extension of Time: This Court – and Defendants – Would Be Burdened Litigating a Stale Claim Already Barred by the Statute of Limitations, Conversely, An Extension Would Not Burden This Case Given It is in Its Early Stages

Signs Hawaii would be substantially harmed and severely prejudiced should it not be able to analyze the documents and file a motion to dismiss based on the lapsing of the statute of limitations as well as, in the alternative, a motion to transfer venue to Hawaii. It would be forced to engage in costly litigation on a claim it suspects to be completely meritless on the basis of a simple, discrete issue – the lapse of the limitations period. The other parties will not be prejudiced given the proceeding is in its early stages. Finally, the interests of justice are served in that this court will likely obtain relief from an already congested docket upon ruling this claim

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is barred by the statute of limitations, or, in the alternative, is best litigated in Hawai
where all evidence, records, and witnesses are located.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on February 2, 2007 at Los Angeles, California.

Elizabeth A. Sullivan

AO 88 (Rev. 11/94) Subpoena in a Civil Case PROOF OF SERVICE DATE PLACE TOWER STE .1000 1-8-07 SERVED SERVED ON (PRINT NAME) AWAII EMPLO INSURANCE COMPAN NEAL F. YO TROCESS SERVER **DECLARATION OF SERVER** I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing information contained in the Proof of Service is true and correct. MILILANI, HI 9679

Rule 45, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Parts C & D: (c) PROTECTION OF PERSONS SUBJECT TO SUBPOENAS.

- (1) A party or an attorney responsible for the issuance and service of a subpoena shall take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to that subpoena. The court on behalf of which the subpoena was issued shall enforce this duty and impose upon the party or attorney in breach of this duty an appropriate sanction which may include, but is not limited to, lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fee.
- (2) (A) A person commanded to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, papers, documents or tangible things, or inspection of premises need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless commanded to appear for deposition, hearing or trial.
- (B) Subject to paragraph (d) (2) of this rule, a person commanded to produce and permit inspection and copying may, within 14 days after service of subporna or before the time specified for compliance if such time is less than 14 days after service, serve upon the party or attorney designated in the subpoena written objection to inspection or copying of any or all of the designated materials or of the premises. If objection is made, the party serving the subpoena shall not be entitled to inspect and copy materials or inspect the premises except pursuant to an order of the court by which the subpoena was issued. If objection has been made, the party serving the subpoena may, upon notice to the person commanded to produce, move at any time for an order to compel the production. Such an order to comply production shall protect any person who is not a party or an officer of a party from significant expense resulting from the inspection and copying commanded.
- (3) (A) On timely motion, the court by which a subpoena was issued shall quash or modify the subpoena if it
 - (i) fails to allow reasonable time for compliance,
- (ii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to travel to a place more than 100 miles from the place where that person resides, is employed or regularly transacts business in person, except that, subject to

the provisions of clause (c) (3) (B) (iii) of this rule, such a person may in order to attend trial be commanded to travel from any such place within the state in which the trial is held, or the demanding party to contest the claim.

- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter and no exception or waiver applies, or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
 - (B) If a subpocna
- (i) requires disclosure of a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information, or
- (ii) requires disclosure of an unretained expert's epinion or information not describing specific events or occurrences in dispute and resulting from the expert's study made not at the request of any party, or
- (iii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial, the court may, to protect a person subject to or affected by the subpoena, quash or modify the subpoena, or if the party in who behalf the subpoena is issued shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship and assures that the person to whom the subpoena is addressed will be reasonably compensated, the court may order appearance or production only upon specified conditions.

(d) DUTIES IN RESPONDING TO SUBPOENA.

- (1) A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents shall produce them as they are kept in the usual course of business or shall organize and label them to correspond with the categories in the demand.
- (2) When information subject to a subpoena is withheld on a claim that is privileged or subject to protection as trial preparation materials, the claim shall be made expressly and shall be supported by a description of the nature of the documents, communications, or things not produced that is sufficient to enable the demanding party to contest the claim.

EXHIBIT A

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AO 88 (Rez.	11/94)	Subpoena	in a	Civil	Case

Issued by the

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

<u>Northern</u> I	DISTRICT OF	California
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MICHAEL ARBSLAND

MICHARD ANDRUMAN	
	SUBPOENA IN A CIVIL CASE
southwest signs, the home depot, inc. et al.	Case Number: 1 C06-04191 PVT
Har Dakebrison Miller	VP Legal
TO: Custodian of Records; Hawai Employers M Bishop Street, Suite 100; Honolulu, HI	lutual Insura icé Company; 1001 96813
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear in the United States Di	strict Court at the place, date, and time specified below to
testify in the above case.	
PLACE OF TESTIMONY	COURTROOM
	DATE AND TIME
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the place, date, and tin	ne specified below to testify at the taking of a deposition in
the above case.	
PLACE OF DEPOSITION	DATE AND TIME
X YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce and permit inspection place, date, and time specified below (list documents or objects Your entire file concerning Michael Arbslar 10/1/03. Please see attachment A for list produce and permit inspection and copying.): nd regarding date of injury
PLACE Hawaii Employers Mutual Insurance Company 1001 Bishop Street, Suite 100 Honolulu, HI 96813	DATE AND TIME January 18, 2007; 10:00 a.m.
YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit inspection of the follow	ing premises at the date and time specified below.
PREMISES	DATE AND TIME
Any organization not a party to this suit that is subpoensed for the to directors, or managing agents, or other persons who consent to testify the matters on which the person will testify. Federal Rules of Civil Pro-	on its behalf, and may set forth, for each person designated cedure, 30(b)(6).
FOLGERS NAME ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER	
ELIZABETH A. SULLIVAN, ESQ.; ADLER LAW GROULOS ANGELES, CA 90071; (213) 893-3900	JP; 350 S. FIGUEROA ST., SUITE 557;

(See Rule 45, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, parts C & D on reverse)

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⁴ If action is pending in district other than district of issuance, state district under case number.

ATTACHMENT A

The Workers' Compensation Claim File and any DOCUMENTS in your possession regarding Michael Arbsland ("Arbsland"), Hawaii Employers Mutual Insurance Company File No. HEM 0013428, date of injury October 1, 2003.

The term "DOCUMENTS" includes any writing, any matter or tangible thing containing a recording, handwriting, typewriting, printing, photograph, image, sound or any other means of recording upon any tangible thing any form of communication including but not limited to written or electronic materials, letters, words, pictures, correspondence, notes, memoranda, contracts, summaries, transcripts, diagrams, graphs, written documents, audio-tape recordings, video tape recordings, DVDs, CDs, photographs, electronic recordings, mobile digital communications and computer-stored data of any type, electronic mail, whether in the original or draft form, however produced or reproduced, whether sent or received or neither, including all copies thereof which are different in any way from the original, and any other thing or matter which constitutes a "document" under Federal rule of Civil Procedure 34.

You are to produce the following:

- 1. All DOCUMENTS regarding the incident causing the injury on which Arbsland based his workers' compensation claim, including, but not limited to, documents describing the date of injury;
- 2. All DOCUMENTS regarding physical injuries to Arbsland, including, but not limited to, head trauma, cognitive impairment, and/or memory impairment, if any;
- 3. All DOCUMENTS regarding Arbsland's history of physical injury or disease, including, but not limited to, head trauma, cognitive impairment, and/or memory impairment, if any;
- 4. All DOCUMENTS regarding Arbsland's pertinent psychological or psychiatric history including, but not limited to, head trauma, cognitive impairment, and/or memory impairment, if any;
- 5. All DOCUMENTS regarding Arbsland's complaints regarding physical injuries, disabilities, limitations, or impairment, including, but not limited to, head trauma, cognitive impairment, and/or memory impairment, if any;
- 6. All DOCUMENTS regarding Arbsland's history and complaints regarding mental injuries, disabilities, limitations, or impairment, including, but not limited to, head trauma, cognitive impairment,

and/or memory impairment, if any;

7. All DOCUMENTS regarding Arbsland's dates of physical and/or mental examinations, if any;

8. All DOCUMENTS regarding health care providers' findings on

examination, if any;

- 9. All DOCUMENTS regarding Arbsland's impairment of physical or mental function, if any;
- 10. All DOCUMENTS regarding restrictions on Arbsland's physical activities, if any;
- 11. All DOCUMETNS regarding any award of workers' compensation benefits to Arbsland;
- 12. All DOCUMENTS regarding restrictions on Arbsland's mental activities, if any;
- 13. All DOCUMENTS regarding opinion of health care practitioner(s) whether Arbsland's physical impairment is all or in part related to the accident occurring on October 1, 2003, if any;

14. All DOCUMENTS evidencing billing for, payment by and summaries of treatment givne by health practioners to Arbsland;

- 15. All DOCUMENTS regarding opinion of health care practitioner(s) whether Arbsland's mental impairment is all or in part related to the accident occurring on October 1, 2003, if any;
- 16. Medical treatment indicated, if any; and
- 17. Reason(s) for findings and opinions of health care practitioner.

AO 88 (Rev. 11/94) Su	bpoena in a Civil Case	
		PROOF OF SERVICE
	DATE	PLACE BBO FLINCHBOWL ST. ROOM 209
SERVED	1-8-67	HONOLULU, HI 96813
**************************************		MANUED OF OFFINOR
SERVED ON (PRINT N	VALLEDARIMES	MANNER OF SERVICE PERSONALLY HAND
	ID INDETRIAL MURAKAMI	RELATIONS DELIVERED
SERVED BY (PRINT N	AME)	TITLE PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR -
NEAL	F. YORO	PROCESS SERVER
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		DECLARATION OF SERVER
l declare und	er penalty of perjury under the l	aws of the United States of America that the foregoing information contained in the
Proof of Service is	true and correct.	
Executed on	1-8-07	Near Moso
	DATE	SIGNATURE OR SERVER
		95-1023 AELIKE ST.
	•	ADDRESS OF SERVER
		MILILANI, HI 96789

Rule 45, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Parts C & D: (e) PROTECTION OF PERSONS SUBJECT TO SUBPOENAS.

- (1) A party or an attorney responsible for the issuance and service of a subpoena shall take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to that subpoena. The court on behalf of which the subpoena was issued shall enforce this duty and impose upon the party or attorney in breach of this duty an appropriate sanction which may include, but is not limited to, lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fee.
- (2) (A) A person commanded to produce and permit inspection and copying of designated books, papers, documents or tangible things, or inspection of premises need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless commanded to appear for deposition, hearing or trial.
- (B) Subject to paragraph (d) (2) of this rule, a person commanded to produce and permit inspection and copying may, within 14 days after service of subpoena or before the time specified for compliance if such time is less than 14 days after service, serve upon the party or attorney designated in the subpoena written objection to inspection or copying of any or all of the designated materials or of the premises. If objection is made, the party serving the subpoena shall not be entitled to inspect and copy materials or inspect the premises except pursuant to an order of the court by which the subpoena was issued. If objection has been made, the party serving the subpoena may, upon notice to the person commanded to produce, move at any time for an order to compel the production. Such an order to comply production shall protect any person who is not a party or an officer of a party from significant expense resulting from the inspection and copying commanded.
- (3) (A) On timely motion, the court by which a subpoena was issued shall quash or modify the subpoena if it
 - (i) fails to allow reasonable time for compliance,
- (ii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to travel to a place more than 100 miles from the place where that person resides, is employed or regularly transacts business in person, except that, subject to

the provisions of clause (c) (3) (B) (iii) of this rule, such a person may in order to attend trial be commanded to travel from any such place within the state in which the trial is held, or the demanding party to contest the claim.

- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter and no exception or waiver applies, or
 - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
 - (B) If a subpoena
- (i) requires disclosure of a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information, or
- (ii) requires disclosure of an unretained expert's opinion or information not describing specific events or occurrences in dispute and resulting from the expert's study made not at the request of any party, or
- (iii) requires a person who is not a party or an officer of a party to incur substantial expense to travel more than 100 miles to attend trial, the court may, to protect a person subject to or affected by the subpoena, quash or modify the subpoena, or if the party in who behalf the subpoena is issued shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship and assures that the person to whom the subpoena is addressed will be reasonably compensated, the court may order appearance or production only upon specified conditions.

(d) DUTIES IN RESPONDING TO SUBPOENA.

- (1) A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents shall produce them as they are kept in the usual course of business or shall organize and label them to correspond with the categories in the demand.
- (2) When information subject to a subpoena is withheld on a claim that is privileged or subject to protection as trial preparation materials, the claim shall be made expressly and shall be supported by a description of the nature of the documents, communications, or things not produced that is sufficient to enable the demanding party to contest the claim.

AO 88 (Rev. 11/94) Subpoena in a Civil C=

Issued by the

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Northern DISTRICT OF Californ	<u>la</u>
MICHAEL ARBSLAND	
CEUDACENIA	IN A CINIL CASE
SUBPOENA	IN A CIEL CASE
SOUTHWEST SIGNS, THE HOME DEPOT, INC. Case Number:	CO6-04191 PVT
TO: Custodian of Records; Hawaii Department of Labor of Princess Ruth Keelikolani Bldg.; 830 Punchbowl St. HI 96813	reet, Room 2008 Honorulu,
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear in the United States District Court at the	place, date, and time specified below to
testify in the above case.	
PLACE OF TESTIMONY	COURTROOM
	DATE AND TIME
YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the place, date, and time specified below	w to testify at the taking of a deposition in
the above case. PLACE OF DEPOSITION	DATE AND TIME
PLACE OF DEPOSITION	
YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce and permit inspection and copying of place, date, and time specified below (list documents or objects): Your entire file concerning Michael Arbsland regarding 10/1/03. Please see attachment A for list of document produce and permit inspection and copying.	g date of injury
PLACE Hawaii Department of Labor and Industrial Relations 830 Punchbowl Street, Room 209 Honolulu, HI 96813	DATE AND TIME January 18, 2007; 10:00 a.m.
YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit inspection of the following premises at the	he date and time specified below.
PREMISES	DATE AND TIME
Any organization not a party to this suit that is subpoensed for the taking of a depos	ition shall designate one or more officers,
directors, or managing agents, or other persons who consent to testify on its behalf, and the matters on which the person will testify. Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, 30(b)(6)	
ISSUING OFFICER'S SIGNATURE AND TITLE (INDICATE IF ATTORNEY FOR PLAINTIFF OR DEFENDANT)	DATE
Suns officers name address and telephone number elizabeth A. Sullivan, ESQ.; ADLER LAW GROUP; 350 S. LOS ANGELES, CA 90071; (213) 893-3900	0 0
	The state of the s

(See Rule 45, Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, parts C & D on reverse)

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¹ If action is pending in district other than district of issuance, state district under case number.

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- 8. All DOCUMENTS regarding health care providers' findings on examination, if any;
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- 16. Medical treatment indicated, if any; and
- 17. Reason(s) for findings and opinions of health care practitioner.



January 09, 2007

Elizabeth Sullivan Adler Law Group 350 South Figueroa Street, Suite 557 Los Angeles, CA 90071

Re:

Employee:

Michael Arbsland

Employer:

L Moriguchi Inc

Date of Injury: 10/01/2003

Claim No.: HEM-0013428

DCD File No: 40301057 (Oahu)

Dear Ms. Sullivan:

Please be advised that we are unable to fulfill your request for a copy of the workers' compensation file without a signed authorization from Mr. Arbsland.

Thank you for your attention and assistance in this matter. Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call me.

Sincerely,

Sandra Hoyle

Sandra Hoyle Senior Claim Specialist

Direct Phone: (808) 524-3642 ext. 239

Exhibit 8

P. O. Box 3376 Honolulu, HI 96801 Phone: (808) 52-HEMIC Fax: (808) 522-5855 www.hemic.com "Our Policy is Taking Care of Hawaii"





www.adlerlawgroup.com

February 2, 2007

VIA E-MAIL (peads@hemic.com)

Patricia Eads, Esq.
Senior Staff Attorney
Hawaii Employers Mutual Insurance Company
P.O. Box 3376
Honolulu, HI 96801

Re: Arbsland v. Southwest Signs, et al.
United States District Court for the Northern District of California
Case No. C06-04191 (PVT)
Workers' Compensation Claim of Michael Arbsland
Your File Number: HEM 0013428
Date of Injury: October 1, 2003

Dear Ms. Eads:

Thank you for your telephone call of today to discuss the subpoena we issued to Hawaii Employers Mutual Insurance Company ("HBMIC") seeking its file regarding Mr. Arbsland's workers' compensation claim. I understand you are handling the Arbsland matter for Ms. Stacy Miller, with whom we have been speaking, while she is on vacation until February 12, 2007.

As we are aware from communications between our offices and Ms. Miller, HEMIC has requested that we obtain consent from Mr. Arbsland authorizing the release of HEMIC's files regarding his workers' compensation claim. As you explained to me, given the recent ruling of the Supreme Court of Hawai'i (*Brende v. Hara*, 2006 Haw. LEXIS 616), in an abundance of caution, HEMIC is unwilling to release those records without either consent from Mr. Arbsland or a court order given the privacy considerations regarding personal medical information.

(Continued on page 2)

Exhibit C

February 2, 2007 Page 2

You indicated to me should we seek a court order from the Northern District of California or any other district court, HEMIC will not object and will, of course, comply with the terms of the order.

I thank you again for your courtesy and prompt attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

Elizabeth A. Sullivan

Hawaii Employers Mutual Insurance Company agrees to the foregoing terms this Second day of February, 2007.

Correctly represents on Conversation

. .)**`** .

Patricia Eads, Esq.

Senior Staff Attorney, HEMIC

LINDA LINGLE GOVERNOR



MARK J. BENNETT ATTORNEY GENERAL

LISA M. GINOZA FIRST DEPUTY ATTORNEY GENERAL

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL LABOR DIVISION

425 QUEEN STREET HONOLULU, HAWAII 96813 Telephone: (808) 586-1450 Fax: (808) 586-1376

January 29, 2007

Erwin Adler, Esq. Adler Law Group 350 S. Figueroa St., Ste. 557 Los Angeles, CA 90071

Dear Mr. Adler:

Re: Michael Arbsland vs. Southwest Signs, The Home Depot, Inc., et al. Civil No. C06-04191 PVT

This is a follow up to my January 11, 2007 letter to you. As I had explained to you, the Hawaii Department of Labor and Industrial Relations is unwilling to release, without a consent or court order, Mr. Arbsland's workers' compensation file due to privacy considerations because the file contains medical records. More specifically, the privacy considerations arise from Article I, section 6 of the Hawaii constitution. Of course, if the Department is ordered, by the United States District Court of the Northern District of California or other federal district court, the Department will comply with the terms of the order.

Given the recent ruling of the Supreme Court of Hawaii (Brende v. Hara, 2006 WL 3393604, Nov. 27, 2006, amended Jan. 25, 2007), in an abundance of caution, we request you kindly include the following language from Brende in the proposed court order you present to the court:

None of Mr. Arbsland's protected health information and/or medical information obtained from the Hawaii Department of Labor and Industrial Relations shall be disclosed or used for any purpose by anyone or by any entity outside of Civil No. C06-04191 PVT without Mr. Arbsland's explicit written consent thereto.

If you have any further questions, please feel free to call me.

Very truly yours,

Frances E. H. Lum

Deputy Attorney General

c: Mr. Royden Koito

EXHIBIT D